Metacognitively Guided Retrieval and Report (META-RAR):

Quality Control Processes in Recall

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General Research question

What are the processes used to control voluntary remembering?

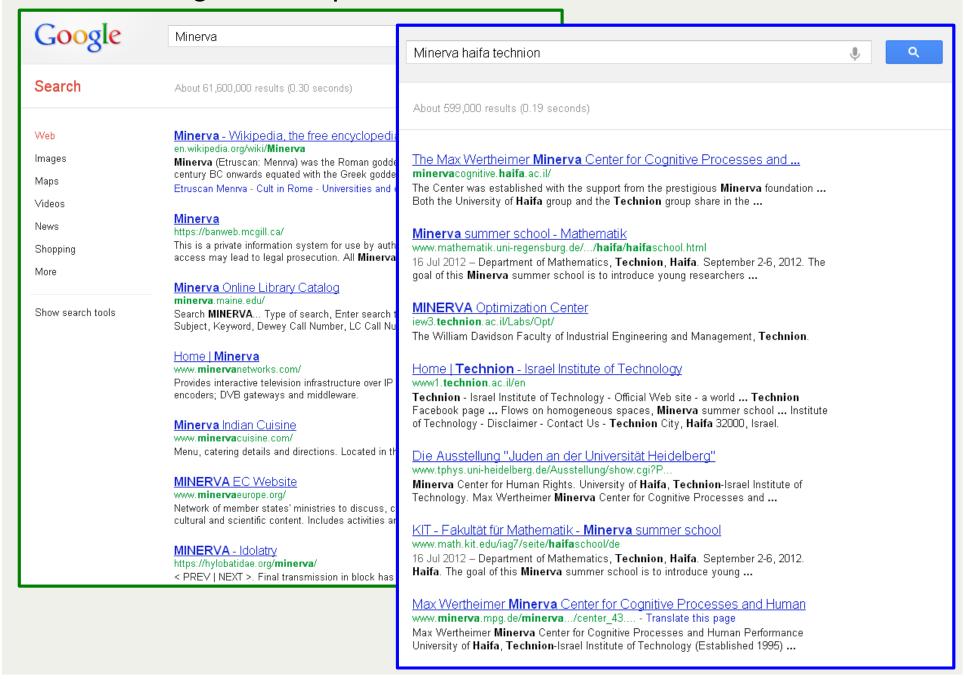
Rational

Manufacturing metaphor (Jacoby et al., 2005): Quality control in manufacturing involves:

- <u>post-production</u> monitoring and control processes that identify and screen out defects. [back-end]
- improved <u>production</u> techniques, so that fewer defects are produced in the first place. **[front-end]**



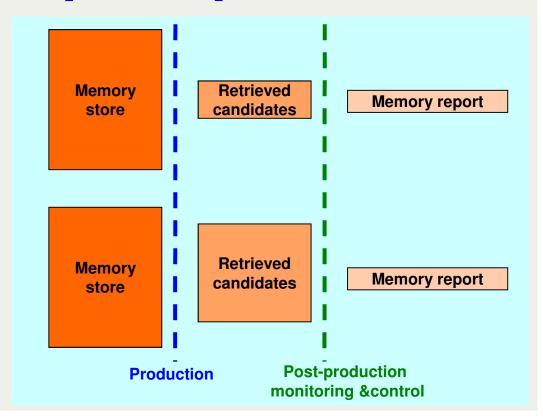
Search engine metaphor:



Rational

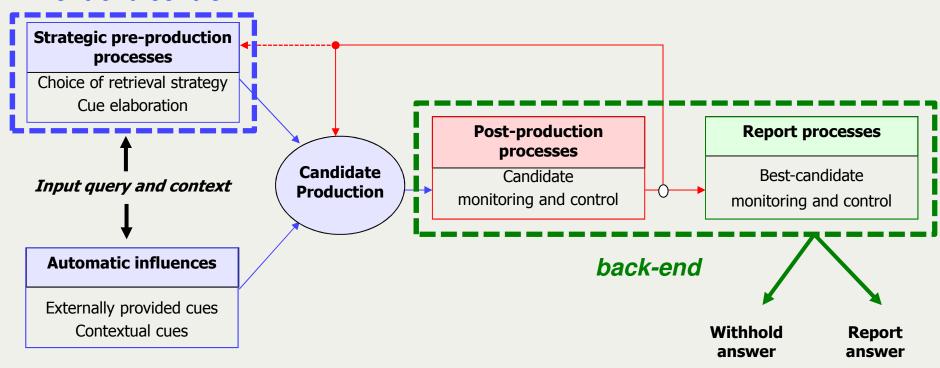
The same may be true in memory:

- post-production monitoring and control processes that identify and screen out false memories. [back-end]
- improved <u>production</u>, so that fewer false memories are produced in the first place. [front-end]



META-RAR: Metacognitively Guided Retrieval and Report

front-end control



RETRIEVAL REPORT

(Halamish, Goldsmith & Jacoby, In preparation; Koriat, Goldsmith, & Halamish, 2008; Based on Koriat & Goldsmith, 1996)

Cue Word	Produced Candidates	Confidence	Report Decision
TABLE	CHOIR CHEER	_40_%	YES (NO
LIGHT	SKIRT S S	<u>100</u> %	YES) NO
LOCK	TLMER TUNER T_ER	_80_%	YES) NO

Cue Word	Produced Candidates	Confidence	Report Decision
TABLE	CHOIR CHOIR CHEER	40 %	YES(NO)
LIGHT	<u>SKIRT</u> S S	100%	YES)/ NO
LOCK	T <u>IM</u> ER T <u>UN</u> ER T_ER	80 %	YES// NO

MEASURES:

- >Production quality
- **≻**Candidate monitoring
- ➤ Best-candidate monitoring and control
- >Free-report performance

Production quality:

➤ 1st-Candidate target percent— % of items for which the target is the first candidate that comes to mind.

Cue Word	Produced Candidates	Confidence	Report Decision
TABLE	CHOIR CHOIR CHEER	40_%	YES
LIGHT	<u>SKIRT</u> S S	100%	YES)/ NO
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MEASURES:

- >Production quality
- **▶** Candidate monitoring
- ➤ Best-candidate monitoring and control
- >Free-report performance

Candidate monitoring – proportion of identified* produced targets (hits), minus proportion of identified non-targets when the target was not produced (false alarms). *[corrected hit rate]*

^{*&}quot;Identified" = chosen as best-candidate answer with confidence > 50%.

Cue Word	Produced Candidates	Confidence	Report Decision
TABLE	CHAIR CHOIR CHEER	40_%	YES(NO)
LIGHT	<u>SKIRT</u> S S	100%	YES// NO
LOCK	T <u>IM</u> ER T <u>UN</u> ER T_ER	80 %	YES// NO

MEASURES:

- >Production quality
- Candidate monitoring
- ➤ Best-candidate monitoring and control
- >Free-report performance

Best-candidate monitoring – relationship between subjective confidence and objective correctness of best-candidate answers. *[(1) calibration bias; (2) within-subject gamma correlation].*

Report criterion – subjective confidence level above which answers are volunteered and below which they are withheld.

Cue Word	Produced Candidates	Confidence	Report Decision
TABLE	CHOIR CHOIR	40 %	YES(NO)
LIGHT	SKIRT S S	100%	YES// NO
LOCK	T <u>IM</u> ER T <u>UN</u> ER T_ER	80 %	YES// NO

MEASURES:

- >Production quality
- **≻**Candidate monitoring
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Free-report quantity – % of *items* for which the target was produced and volunteered.

Free-report accuracy – % of *volunteered answers* that are correct (targets).

Current Research

- Literature review for controlled processes at retrieval (Koriat, Goldsmithm & Halamish, 2008):
 - Previous research has emphasized various back-end processes

(e.g., Brainerd, Reyna, Wright, & Mojardin, 2003; Goldsmith & Koriat, 1999; Jacoby, Kelley, & Dywan, 1989; Johnson, Hashtroudi, & Lindsay, 1993; Kelley & Jacoby 1998; Kelley & Rhodes, 2002; Koriat & Goldsmith, 1994, 1996; Whittlesea, 2002; Whittlesea & Williams, 2001a, 2001b; Dodson & Schacter, 2001, 2002)

Scarce work on front-end processes

(Higham & Tam, 2005, 2006; Jacoby, Shimizu, Velanova, & Rhodes, 2005; Jacoby, Shimizu, Daniels & Rhodes, 2005)

- ➤ In this project we have focused on possible means of front-end control.
 - Source constrained retrieval
 - Choice of retrieval strategy

Self-initiated use of source information to constrain what comes to mind during retrieval (Jacoby et al., 2005)

> mental reinstatement of encoding operations

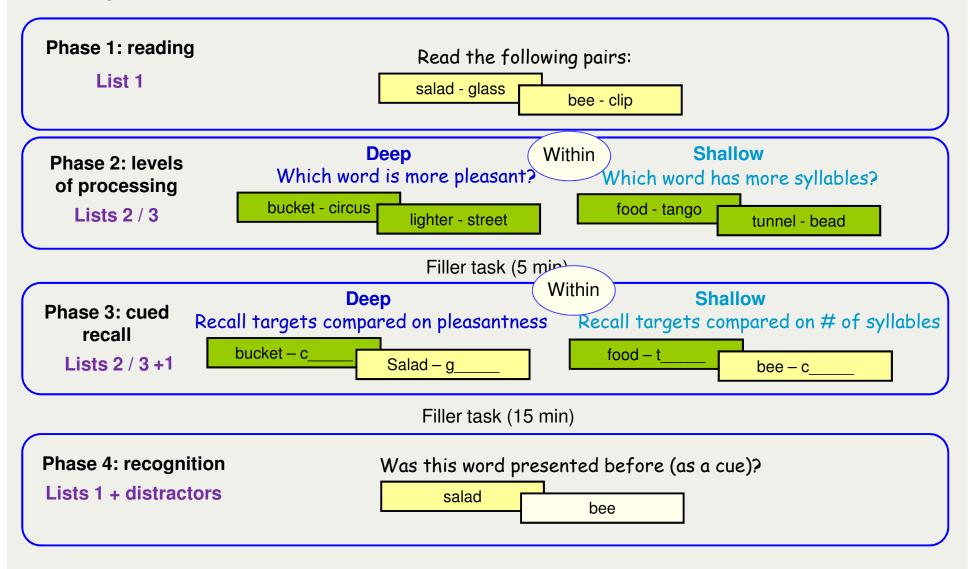
Questions:

- Do rememberers use source-constrained retrieval in attempting to enhance recall?
- What is the locus of source-constrained recall?
 - Front-end (production)
 - Back-end (candidate or best-candidate monitoring)
 - Both?
- Does source-constrained recall <u>actually enhance</u> recall performance?

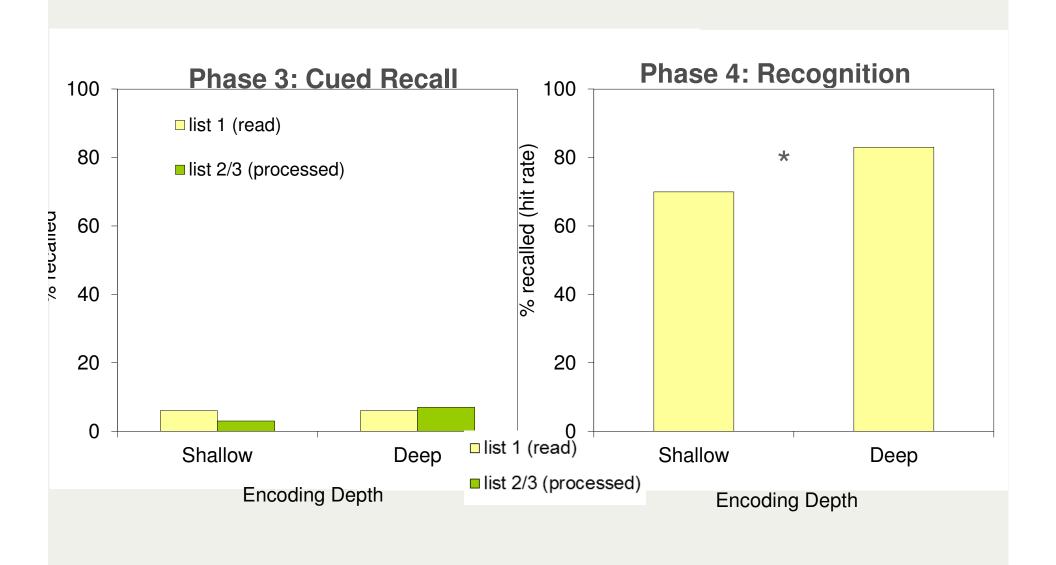
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Exp. 1 Method



Exp. 1 Results



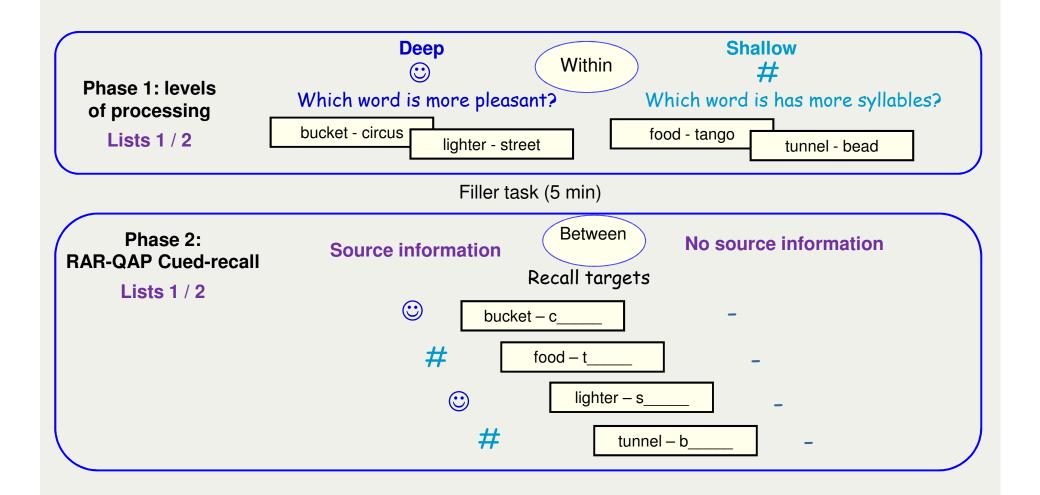
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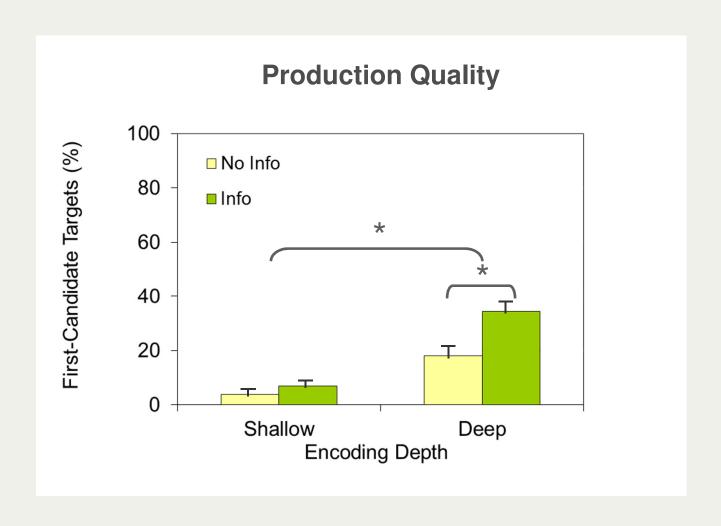
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Exp. 2 Method

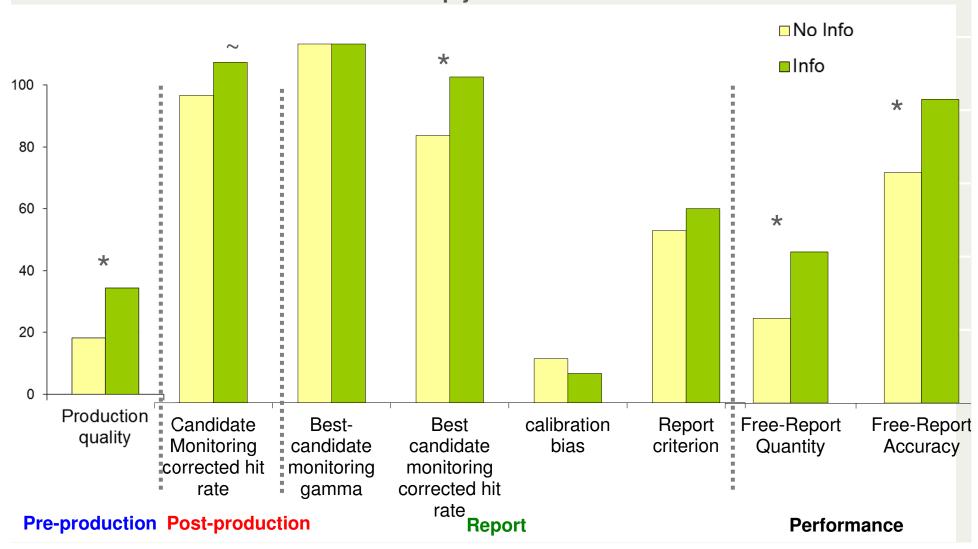


Exp. 2 Results



Exp. 2 Results

Effects of Source Information Deeply Encoded Pairs



Questions:

- Do rememberers use source-constrained retrieval in attempting to enhance recall? YES!
- What is the locus of source-constrained recall?
 - Front-end (production)
 - Back-end (candidate or best-candidate monitoring)
 - Both?
- Does source-constrained recall <u>actually enhance</u> recall performance? YES

Current Research

Previous research has emphasized various post-production processes

(e.g., Brainerd, Reyna, Wright, & Mojardin, 2003; Goldsmith & Koriat, 1999; Jacoby, Kelley, & Dywan, 1989; Johnson, Hashtroudi, & Lindsay, 1993; Kelley & Jacoby 1998; Kelley & Rhodes, 2002; Koriat & Goldsmith, 1994, 1996; Whittlesea, 2002; Whittlesea & Williams, 2001a, 2001b; Dodson & Schacter, 2001, 2002)

Scarce work on pre-retrieval processes

(Higham & Tam, 2005, 2006; Jacoby, Shimizu, Velanova, & Rhodes, 2005; Jacoby, Shimizu, Daniels & Rhodes, 2005)

- ➤ In this project we have focused on possible means of front-end control.
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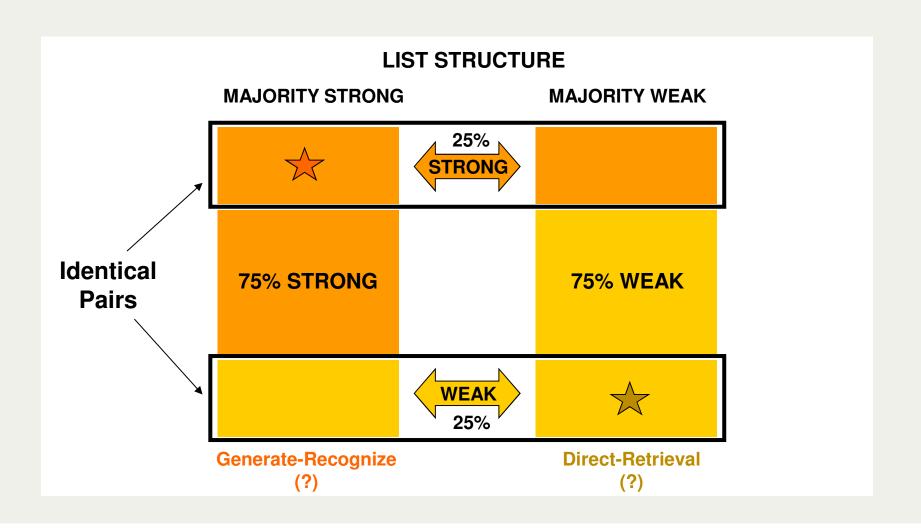
Two modes of candidate production:

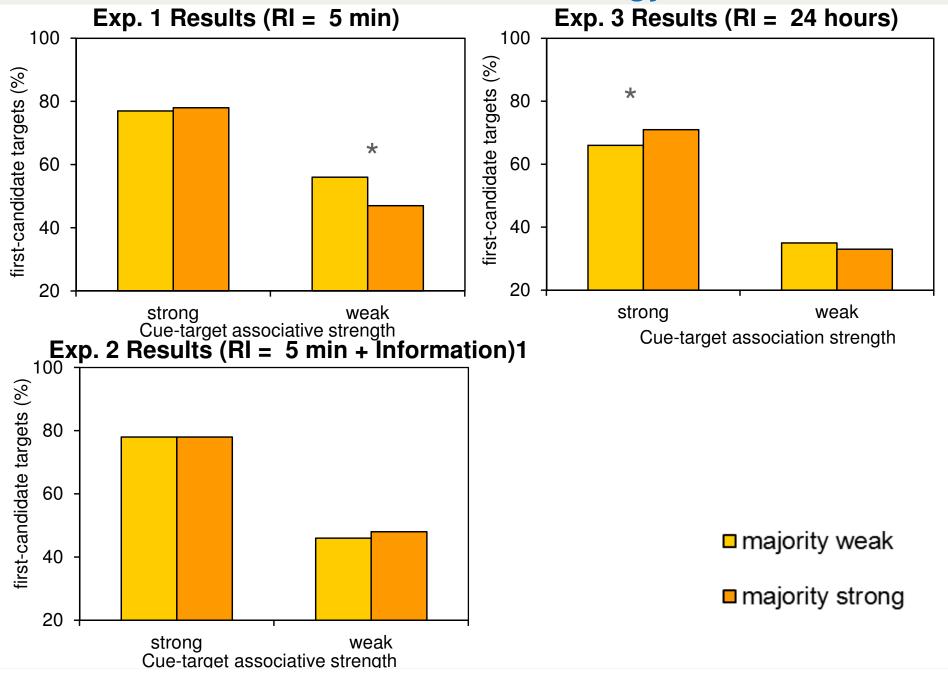
- ➤ **Direct retrieval** "homing in" on the episodic memory representation, using relatively specific and constraining retrieval cues.
- ➤ Generate-recognize "casting a wide net" using less specific episodic cues and relying more on semantic-associative cues to generate a set of candidates from which the target can be identified.

QUESTION: Are these two modes under strategic control?



- Participants studied one of 2 lists. List structure (majority-strong or majority weak) manipulated between participants.
- Cued recall test using RAR-QAP procedure.





Two modes of candidate production:

- ➤ **Direct retrieval** "homing in" on the episodic memory representation, using relatively specific and constraining retrieval cues.
- ➤ Generate-recognize "casting a wide net" using less specific episodic cues and relying more on semantic-associative cues to generate a set of candidates from which the target can be identified.

QUESTION: Are these two modes under strategic control? **YES!**



Conclusion

- Quality control in memory recall involves:
 - <u>post-production</u> monitoring and control processes that identify and screen out false information. [back-end]
 - control over the <u>production</u> process, so that less false information is produced in the first place. [front-end]

Application

- The META-RAR framework and accompanying RAR-QAP methodology are useful in guiding an integrated examination of both types of metacognitive control, and their performance consequences.
 - Cue reinstatement (Halamish & Goldsmith, in preparation)
 - Testing as a mean of studying (Thomas & McDaniels, 2012)
 - Experience with proactive interference (Wahlheim & Jacoby, 2011)

QUALITY

Thank you!



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